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Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1766.

LONDON, November 19

To the Printer of the Public Ledger.

WE not only hear by report, but alſo ſee inſerted in our public Papers from thoſe of America, that there is ſuch a ſpirit of what we muſt call Sedition, but they themſelves will call Patriotiſm, as is operating in ſuch degrees as by many might have been thought impoſſible to happen from miſtakenly eſtimating their virtues and qualities by our own.

While there is no want of Lawyers here who, for hire, will proſtitute their talents to deſtroy, as far as they are able, all law, right, and juſtice we ſee that whole bodies of Lawyers in ſome of thoſe American Provinces can practiſe ſuch ſelf denial, as to join in agreement to ſuſpend all practice in their profeſſion, in oppoſition to meaſures which they conſider to be oppreſſive, as all meaſures muſt be thought to which there are not adequate means of compliance, as I formerly ſaid was believed, and as we now find has in Penſylvania been actually declared.

In like manner it is credibly enough aſſerted, though hitherto perhaps not printed, that there are alſo whole Provinces which for the ſame cauſe have determined to ſuſpend all exterior trade with not only the practice therein of entire ſelf denial in the purſuit of wealth (a virtue perhaps incredible among traders with us) but alſo to hazard every inconvenience, diſtreſs, and even peril in ſupport of what they conſider to be a common cauſe; all of which circumſtances ſerve fully to evince the truth of thoſe opinions which, from reading and reflection, I have framed and delivered concerning the great difference there may rationally be ſuppoſed between our manners and principles and thoſe of the North Americans, who are not yet become immerged in our follies and vices.

They have not been yet intoxicated with the Circean cup of pleaſures; effeminacy has not enervated either their bodies or minds. Their fixed object hitherto has been, and yet is, to ſubſiſt by their labours in the independency of Freemen. They have not had leiſure enough to ſet about refining ſolid ſenſe into vapour, or to find out that the greateſt diſcovery which can be made is that of the beſt art to kill time, by means which are moſt hazardous to fortune, health or life or, if people have true ſpirit all three together. In ſhort from want of the great refinements which we have happily acquired they continue ſuch ſimple ruſtics, as ſteadfaſtly to believe, that Liberty, and not Pleaſure is the greateſt bleſſing of life.

However from the natural effects of cauſes, barbariſm will certainly in the end prevail over effeminacy, frugality over diſſipation, virtue over vice and wiſdom over folly; the former of which qualities diſtinguiſh a riſing, as the latter do a falling people, thoſe proportionally advancing towards the ſummit of proſperity and greatneſs, as theſe are declining from it; ſo that from their apparent reſpective qualities, may with equal certainty be prognoſticated the future fortunes of both.

I will not take upon myſelf the needleſs trouble of ſhewing how very idle the opinions are of thoſe men who rely for our ſecurity on the preſent weak condition of our Colonies, and the facility of acceſs to the preſent capitals of the provinces, becauſe all thoſe who have read of ancient and modern revolutions, (and particularly of the revolts of Portugal, and the Netherlands from Spain, at the time when the Spaniſh was the moſt formidable Power in Europe) muſt be aware of the inexhauſtible ſource of ſtrength that there always is found in high exaſperation and deſperation; as then men will not only reſolutely bear all hardſhips, but alſo ſtruggle with all difficulties; for when the cry is become *pro aris et focis*, the ſpirit of men will be ſuch as to appear almoſt more than human. Nor in ſuch a caſe has any people to rely on their own powers; for there never was an inſtance, nor probably ever will be, of ſuch a caſe happening, in which the policy of other States did not greatly interfere, and therefore external aid is in ſuch caſes always with certainty to be relied on. And when the policy or condition of any Country alters, every thing immediately takes a new turn.—The metropolis of a Colony becomes the Port only of a State, and new principles of ſecurity and defence will be adopted; while difficulties create ſuch ardors, as ſoon raiſe a people from the ſtate of weakneſs and poverty, to that of power and proſperity. But it may, perhaps, puzzle the boaſters of our power to anſwer, to what degree it will be preſerved with the loſs of North America? Or, if for a few years we ſhould be able to prevent the Americans from trading by their own ſhipping with other nations, how we ſhall be able to prevent other nations from trading in their own ſhipping with the North Americans, as well to their gradual enrichment, as effectual ſupport.

We certainly are at preſent in no danger, but from raſhneſs, and ſorry we ſhould be to ſee there are any who would provoke it. And of all kinds of raſhneſs, that of too much contempt of a rival, or enemy, is generally the moſt fatal. In great adverſity ſuch virtues take deep root, as often raiſe too ſudden greatneſs the objects of their contempt, who by vain-glory or the abuſes of proſperity, become as ſuddenly reduced to weakneſs, of which Hiſtory furniſhes abundant examples; ſo that caution muſt be deemed a needful ingredient in true ſyſtematical wiſdom.

I am, Sir, Your Humble Servant,

RATIONALIS.

From the *New London GAZETTE, January* 24.

A Manifeſto and Addreſs from Heaven, by the Guardian Angel of *America*.

From Heaven whoe'er beholds on yonder Earth.
Grieves at the Oppreſſion ſprang from vileſt Birth.

To the Governors, Council, Houſes of Burgeſſes, Repreſentatives of the ſeveral Provinces and Colonies of America; with all the freeborn Sons now inhabiting in that oppreſſed Country. The Antients and Fathers, firſt Settlers with all the principal Leaders of the preceeding Generations of that Land, now convened aſſembled in the World to which all the Righteous are paſſing, who have firſt by the Blood of the Everlaſting Covenant been redeemed from all Sin;

SENDETH GREETING.

HAVING the approbation of George the ſecond, who by the grace and appointment of our God, as a king and leader, for many years righteouſly ſwayed the ſceptre in our and your mother country, and is now received into thoſe glorious manſions, where a place was prepared for him by the Saviour of the world.——

It was agreed by this our aſſembly, to ſend by your guardian Angel, this manifeſto and addreſs (viz) When firſt by the permiſſion of the ſupreme legiſlature of the Engliſh nation, we left Great Britain, our native clime, committed ourſelves to the protection of Heaven on a boiſterous and raging ocean, till conducted by divine Providence, we reached the deſerts of America, where we ventured to land and form our infant ſeulement, in the then wild and howling wilderneſs, where for many years, not having any aſſiſtance or protection from our mother country; even the ſeats we had left, were not deemed vacant, and thoſe we now occupied were by them not enquired for, and we were to them as though we had not been, from the day we left them, they withdrew from us their protection.

Thus encountering all the troubles and dangers which way laid us on every ſide, we ſuſtained innumerable diſaſters from the then numerous and blood thirſty ſavages having our neareſt friends torn from our boſoms, & murdered before our eyes; children taken from their mothers breaſts, and daſhed to pieces, and we who eſcaped the ſword of thoſe deſourers, like unto the children of Iſrael at the rebuilding the temple; ſweat and toyled with our weapons of defence girt about us; labouring to raiſe ſupplies neceſſary for the ſupport of life: But gracious Heaven benignly ſmil'd, and the Almighty had compaſſion, and far exceeding the widow's barrel of meal, which, according to the prophecy of Elijah, waſted not, though in conſtant uſe; we were mangled, torn and waſted by our enemies, and not only ſuſtained our numbers, but increaſed and became numerous: thus with views of making you our poſterity happy people, we ſurmounted all difficulties, and endured all hardſhips with pleaſure, hoping to have left you always in poſſeſſion of thoſe ſacred rights which nature has given to all men, without the abridgment of any earthly prince or ſtate: By this time our mother country ſeeing the flouriſhing ſtate to which America would likely advance, and conſcious of the advantages which might accrue to them from ſuch a ſettlement, in addition to thoſe rights derived to us from nature; entred into the moſt ſacred engagements to give ſecure, and preſerve to us inviolably, all the rights and immunities of the inhabitants of Britain, agreeable to Magna charta, with certain other privileges granted by particular charters, from time to time, made and recognized by the King and people of Britain, the conſiderations for which have been always paid and made good according to compact and agreement, by us and our ſucceſſors, down to your day; in which time many innovations have been made on the liberties of our beloved offſpring; and now at laſt the great legiſlature of the nation have been ſo far miſled, as to ſtrike at once at all thoſe rights which are ſo juſtly deemed ſacred; reducing you our offſpring, and the generations which will follow you to the moſt abject ſlavery, involving our numerous progeny, for whoſe ſakes we ſo inceſſantly toyled in inevitable ruin. Shocking thought! amazing ſtupidity! ſhall they at once deſtroy the beſt and moſt juſt conſtitution under heaven? Will you, our beloved offſpring, who ſtill have your reſidence in the material world, ſuffer it? Can you ſo light eſteem the happineſs of your children, and all ſucceeding ages, as to give up the point? Nay will you not ſtand in defence of juſtice? Will you not all join to eſpouſe ſo righteous a cauſe? We who dwell in the immaterial world, now plainly tell you, that you may not give it up, you cannot; if you give up thoſe rights derived to you from nature, the bequeſt is of no force, for Heaven has entailed them to your poſterity; and if you give up thoſe rights which are derived from the Britiſh conſtitution, or from royal grants, &c. you give that which we have dearly purchaſed and bequeathed to our children's children, even to lateſt generations, ſo this ſtill is doing injuſtice.

We however ſtrictly injoin it upon you not to take unjuſt methods to free yourſelves from thoſe inſupportable burthens. Don't forget, or ſhrug off your allegiance to Great Britain; your King is one of the beſt of earthly Kings.——Be loyal, be calm, but at the ſame time, be immovable as the mountains; try remonſtrances, try addreſſes, humbly, but chearfully plead your cauſe; and in the mean time, as the back ſettlements of your country are in danger from the ſavages, and your ſea coaſts from that powerful nation, the French, at this critical juncture, order your militia in readineſs; you have alſo on the continent about one hundred thouſand officers and men, who have been in ſome meaſure diſciplined in the late war. Order them to be in readineſs at an hour's warning. See that your ſeveral magazines are well ſupplied with ammunition, &c. then may you in the moſt momentous day, be ready to withſtand any who would encroach upon your property.

Don't wonder that none of this aſſembly have ſigned their names to this, for there may not be too unbounded an intimacy between the inhabitants of a material and immaterial world. AMEN.

Into whoſe ſoever hands this may firſt happen, ſee to it, that it be immediately publiſhed in all your Gazettes and News-Papers thro' out the Continent.

A Quantity of choice good INDIAN CORN to be ſold by *James* and *Thomas Ivers*, alſo Loaf and Brown Sugars.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr Daniel Bell, *late of* Boſton *Bricklayer, deceas'd are deſired to bring in their Accounts to* Daniel Bell, *of* Boſton *Adminiſtrator on ſaid Eſtate, in Order for Settlement.*

ALL Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. *Ephraim Copeland*, late of *Boſton*, Taylor, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Mrs. *Mercy Copeland*, Widow, Adminiſtratrix on ſaid Eſtate, in order for a ſpeedy Settlement.

Jamaica Sugar.

To be ſold by *John Lowell*, at his Shop near the Conduit—A few Barrels of good Jamaica Sugar, cheap for Caſh.

N.B. Vide Our Charter page 1077 Vol. 2. & See Magna Charta page 790 Vol. 2. By the Stamp Act.

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Yesterday the Snow St. Peter, Capt. William St Barbe, arrived here from Falmouth, which Place he left the 10th of December. He informs that a Packet with a Mail for New York, was to sail the next Day; and Capt Kent for this Place a few Days after — By Captain St Barbe we have the London General Evening Poll *of December 12 which contain scarcely any Thing but Extracts from the American Papers to the 7th of November: A few Articles taken from it are as follow.*

LONDON, *December 12.*

Letters received yesterday from Spain advise, that the Spanish Government had sent positive orders to the Governors in Mexico to try all mild and conciliating means for reducing the rebels to obedience, and to avoid rigorous proceedings as much as possible.

Mrs Draper, Midwife to her Majesty, will remove in a few days to St James's house, to be ready against the lying in of the Princess of Brunswick.

Every day this week a Council has been held, at which his Majesty has been present, perusing & passing the Irish money bills, which it is said give satisfaction, as well as the harmony that subsists between the Governor General and that nation.

It is now said, that there will in a few days be great changes in the ministry.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Bolton, and the Right Hon. Earl Temple, waited on his Majesty at St. James's.

Extract of a Letter from Hamburgh, Nov. 29

"We are well informed that the King of Prussia is taking new arrangements for increasing and extending the manufactures of Silesia, where they are already in a flourishing condition. Our Merchants see with regret that those of Berlin, Magdebourg, Settin, Breslau and other cities under the dominion of his Prussian Majesty, become more and more their rivals, and that they succeed but too well in their enterprizes, thro' the favor and protection of their Monarch."

Yesterday arrived a mail from New York; which brought a fresh packet of American papers, and among them some published in the Colonies since the commencement of the Stamp act, but printed without stamps. By the above papers we have the following intelligence:

Boston, Nov 4 We are well assured, that the late general Congress unanimously agreed on a declaration of their opinion of the rights of the British Colonists, and of the grievances under which they labour. Dutiful and loyal petitions to his Majesty and both Houses of Parliament were also agreed on, and forwarded to Great-Britain.

On Friday last the Hon. James Otis, Esq; one of the Commissioners for this province, arrived here, and the same day reported the proceedings of the Congress to the House, which were approved; and the thanks of the House unanimously voted to their Committee for their service. The next morning the House voted to appoint a special Agent on this occasion; and Tuesday next is the time appointed to consider whether a person shall be sent from hence, or a special Agent chosen in England.

A gentleman of distinction, who has lately made the tour of Salem and Marblehead, asserts, that there are persons in those towns who would willingly make use of stamp papers, if they could in any ways obtain them.

CHARLES-TOWN, (S. CAROLINA) JAN 21.

Extract of a Letter from Georgia, dated Jan. 6, 1766.

"Our liberty here is at a very low ebb. When we received the first accounts of the opposition made to the stamp act to the northward, the same spirit took place here, and there seemed to be a general dislike to it; but of late some of our merchants (finding their interest concerned) who at first exclaimed most against the act, drew off, and have even endeavoured to suppress the spirit of liberty, by gaining over the greatest part of the skip masters to their side. The number of the sons of liberty are too few here to make any head against the other party, which is supported by the rangers of this province. — Last thursday a number of people assembled together after a muster of the militia, and having provided themselves with drums and colours, marched to the governor's gate, in order to know if he intended to appoint a distributor of stamps, as a petition for that purpose was then handed about and subscribed by a number of the merchants, &c. Previous to the peoples getting to his excellency's gate, he was informed that the populace were going to take the stamps out of the magazine in Fort Halifax, where they were lodged; on which his excellency went with his musket to the guard-house, and mustered the rangers to protect the stamps, and bring them from the fort to secure them in the guard house, from whence he saw the people before his gate, and came up to them with his gun in his hand. When he got into the middle of the croud, he asked what they wanted, to which they answered, that they came to know if he intended to appoint a distributor of stamps, in consequence of the application intended to be made by the merchants. He told them that if they had any thing to ask, this was not a manner to wait upon the governor of a province, that he would not violate his oaths to his majesty; that no application had been made him as before mentioned, he would act as he thought proper; and that, in four months time, they would find he was a friend to liberty, while [illegible] were destructive of it; and a good deal more to the effect. This happened at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the mob dispersed in order to meet at a minutes warning, whenever they heard of a stamp distributor being appointed. His excellency then ordered about 40 rangers to the fort for the stamped paper, which they took from thence, and deposited in the guard house, where a strong guard has been kept on them ever since. The governor remained in the streets with about forty merchants, their clerks, and some captains of vessels, all armed, till between 8 and 9 o'clock, when he left them. When his excellency left them, they adjourned to a tavern, where they remained for some time till a son of liberty introduced himself into their company; he was immediately kicked out, and followed by the clerks, and some other of the company, who after beating him severely, forced into a room where several others were met to spend the evening; those they also fell upon and knocked down with their guns. This was not the intention of the meeting of the governor's party; their intention was to see there was no riots in the streets, but some of them carried matters too far. Our stamp master arrived at Tybe last thursday, and on friday the scout boat, with some rangers, was sent to bring him to town. He came up about 12 o'clock saturday forenoon, and was landed a little way below town, where he was waited upon by a few gentlemen, who conducted him as privately as possible to the governor's, where he has remained ever since, and, I believe, is afraid to venture abroad. — I am afraid as matters now stand we shall have stamping enough to-morrow or next day. Any opposition will now be fruitless, as those yet hearty in the cause of liberty, are but few in number."

Last Saturday Evening a Gentleman arrived in town from Georgia, who informs, that the Stamp Act took place there on Tuesday last, only in respect to the clearing out of vessels; and that the merchants and others inhabitants in that province had entered into bonds, that they would not make use of Stamped Papers for any other purpose whatsoever.

PHILADELPHIA, January 30.

Extract of a letter from Newbern, N. Carolina, Dec 11.

"All manner of public business goes on here, except perhaps by the death of the Honourable Mr Berry, chief justice of North-Carolina, — The governor having lately called a council, Mr Berry took occasion to ask the secretary the reason of it, (but his answer had not transpired when the letter came away) soon after he retired to his chamber took up a pistol and put the muzzle to his mouth, then fired, but the bullet taking oblique direction it did not put a period to his life for four hours afterwards. 'Tis supposed he did this rather than be a means of putting the iniquitous stamp act in force.

"The captains Wright and Reed, lately from Jamaica report, that 8 vessels were taken there for want of stamp papers. May their sugar act shake at home this session of parliament, and themselves be yet obliged to beg hard for a supply of provision from the continent."

Extract of a Letter from SouthCarolina, Dec 29. 1765

"This place has been in an uproar for 12 days past, in consequence of a report which prevailed, that the Negroes had agreed to begin a general insurrection thro'out the province, and a general massacre was to have began on Christmas eve; it was a happy discovery; circumstances appear very strong. In a little time I expect hanging, gibbeting, burning and whipping without end. Before Christmas, after the discovery, the town appeared really in a melancholly consternation. Every company in town mount guard day and night, and the severest orders given, which has prevented it hitherto."

NEW-YORK, February 3.

On Thursday last Capt Mackey arrived here from Barbados in 22 Days: He says two Vessels lately arrived there from the Continent without stamped Papers, and were admitted to an Entry; but that a Man of War was dispatched to Antigua to the Admiral, to know his Sentiments of the Matter.

Saturday last arrived Captain Lindsey, from St. Eustatia, in 22 Days, but last from South Carolina in 8: He says there has been much disturbance in Georgia about the cursed Stamp Act, and 150 Sail of Vessels lay ready loaded at Charlestown, when he came away, and that not one of them could obtain a Clearance for Departure.

We hear the Sons of Liberty there are on a scheme to get their vessels cleared without stamps.

Last Night arrived here from Amsterdam, but last from Falmouth, in 6 Weeks, the Brig Bristol Packet, Capt. Brigstock; but came away in such a Hurry, he left all his English Papers behind: By him we also learn, that great Indulgence were intended to be granted America; that on Account of all the American Proceedings were arrived there by Capt. Bolderson, in the Earl of Halifax Packet, who got into Falmouth the 10th of December.

From the first of November 1765, to the 17th of December following, 72 Vessels were entered in the Custom House at Charlestown in South Carolina; so that 'tis very probable they have in the Harbour of Charlestown, at this Juncture not less than 250 Sail of Vessels, and perhaps 200 of that Number belongs to England.

From the Floridas they write, as if the Stamp Act was not among them: — They expect to see no more Vessels with Provisions and are in great Fear of starving.

BOSTON, February 10.

Extract from Mr. Secretary Conway's Circular Letter to the Governor of a neighbouring Colony, dated St. James's October 24 1765.

——"*If by lenient and perswasive Methods you can contribute to restore the peace & tranquility to the Provinces, on which their welfare and happiness depend, you will do a most acceptable and essential service to your country: But having taken every step which the utmost prudence and lenity can dictate in compassion to the folly and ignorance of some misguided people; You will not on the other hand fail to use your power for repelling all acts of outrage & violence, and to provide for the maintenance of peace and good order in the province by such a timely exertion of force, as that occasion may require; for which purpose you will make the proper application to General Gage or Lord Colvill, commanders of his Majesty's land and naval forces in America.*

For however unwillingly his Majesty may consent to the Exertion of such Powers as may endanger the Safety of a single Subject: yet can he not permit his own Dignity and the Authority of the British Legislature to be trampled on by Force and Violence, and in an avowed contempt of all order, duty and decorum.

The *Surveyor General* has appointed William Taylor, Esq; to be Comptroller of his Majesty's Customs at New London, in the Room of Colonel Dyer, Resigned.

Among other Resolves of the true Sons of Liberty at a Meeting in Wallingford, in Connecticut, one is,

"*That we will oppose the same [Stamp Act] to the last Extremity, even to Take the Field.*" *Con Gaz.*

A Gentleman from Marblehead informs us, that on the 31st ult. Capt Bowden arrived there from Halifax and having exposed a stamped News Paper, which he brought from thence, the Populace assembled to the Number of several Hundreds on the Training Hill (so called) where they soon erected a stately Bonfire, with a Staff in the Centre, whereon they hoisted the Object of their Displeasancy, and the whole was consumed amidst the loudest Acclamations of Loyalty to the King, and Love to their Country. After this they retired to a Tavern, where many Toasts expressive of their Regard to the happy Constitution procured by their Ancestors, were drank; and Peace and good Harmony crown'd the Night.

By Letters from Marlborough we learn, that on Yesterday Morning Sennight, about Sun-rise, they were visited with a considerable Shock of an Earthquake, tho' not of very long Duration.

We have the Dominica Gazette of the 30th of November, unstampt, which contains nothing new. It is Printed by William Smith, in Charlotte-Town, who advertises, That no News-Paper Stamps were to be had.

Milford, in Connecticut January 24. Was taken up (straggling) a Sheet of the detestable Stamped Paper, and on Information being given by a true and loyal Son of Liberty, the same was seriously taken into Consideration, by the honourable Committee of Inspection, and by fair Trial (without the Consent or Approbation of the Court of Admiralty) being impeached, and found guilty of Slavery and Imposition sentenced it to be burnt by the Hands of a Common Hangman; which Sentence was accordingly put in Execution the same Evening.

To the PRINTERS,

THERE is no finer Dish that I know of, than Tom Cods: (more especially when they are catch'd and fry'd down on *one of the Islands.*) Nay, so agreeable a Dish are they to *some People*, that they almost live on them in the Summer Season. And as I have followed the Business of a Tom-Cod Catcher in this Harbour for some Time, I should in future be glad to catch a few more, and be able to sell them, so as not to be called a dear Fellow. In order to this, I would have the Inhabitants discourage the Frost Fish being brought into the Town in the Winter, by not buying them; for now they are all up in the Rivers, in order to spawn; and if they are left *uncatch'd and unfry'd*, we should not loose the Breed; and there would be a prodigious Plenty of them every Summer, much more to the Advantage of the Town, than having so many Millions of them destroy'd as there generally is, by a great many who ought to find some better Employment, more to the Advantage of the Publick, than hallowing about Town by Hundreds, Tom Cods, Tom-Cods, Tom Cods enough to craize one for three Months at least. *Your Friend.*

V J S. *Tom-Cod Catcher for the Port of Boston.*

JUST Imported in the Snow St. Peter, William St. Barbe, *Master, and to be Sold by*

John Spooner,

The best of new Malago Raisins by the Cask or Jarr, Jarr Olives, Marcelles & Spanish Oil, and a few Casks Sherry Wine — Also Cadiz Salt to be Sold on board said Vessel lying at the Long Wharff.

¶ See the Price of the Congress & the Margin page 180. V a Burlesque on Gov. Barnard being a Friend to Tom Cods. ooooooo vide the Act page 53.

At the Royal-Exchange Tavern in King-Street will be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on THURSDAY NEXT, at XI o'Clock, A. M.

A PARCEL OF GOODS which were partly damaged in the late Fire,

Conſiſting of

Blue and cloth-coloured Broad Cloths, Cloth coloured and blue Frizes, Crimſon and Pink Colcheſter, and red Drapery Baize; Duffle Blankets, &c.

Preciſely at XI o' Clock. M. DESHON

IMPORTED in Capt Freeman, *and to be Sold by*

Benjamin Church, Junr.

At his Shop in Newbury-Street;

A Compleat Aſſortment of Druggs and Medicines; Lockyer's, Hooper's and Anderſon's Pills, Bateman's Drops, Stoughton's Bitters, Turlington's Balſam, Britiſh Oil, beſt white Lavender, Elixir Salutis; alſo Ground Madder and Redwood, Verdigreaſe, Copperas, Roll and Flour Brimſtone, Allum, Argol, Borax, Iſinglaſs, Aniſe, Coriander and Caraway Seeds, white & red Lead, Spaniſh Brown, Sagoe, Salop, Saltpetre, &c. &c. &c. Alſo a good Collection of modern Medical Authors, cheap for Caſh, or the uſual Credit.

Imported from LONDON, and to be Sold by

John Symmes, *Goldſmith;*

Near the Golden Ball, BOSTON. Viz.

Beſt neat new-faſhion Shoe and Knee Chapes, round Brilliant Cypher Button Stones, Brilliant and Cypher Earing Stones, Brilliant & Cypher Ring ditto, Ring Sparks, Ruby and white Foyle, Buckle Bruſhes rough and ſmooth Files, &c. &c. &c.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mrs MaryGallop, *late of* Boſton, *Widow, deceas'd are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Mrs.* RuthSinclair, *of ſaid* Boſton, *Widow, (at her Houſe oppoſite* Ebenezer Storer *Eſq; Store, in Union Street) Executrix to ſaid Eſtate, in Order for Settlement.* —Where is to be Sold

The remaining Stock in Trade of the ſaid Deceas'd, conſiſting of Stone, Glaſs and Delph Ware, all at a reaſonable Rate.

Public Vendue.

On THURSDAY the 20th of this Inſtant, will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Store under *Green & Ruſſell's* Printing-Office in Queen Street, at *Three* o'Clock, Afternoon;

A variety of genteel Houſe Furniture, belonging to a Gentleman going out of the Province *viz.*

Mohogany Deſk and Book Caſe		Alſo, ſundry Pieces of PLATE, *viz.*
A very handſome Cabinet		2 Porringers,
Mohogony Deſk,		1 beautiful Salver,
Card Table and other		1 Coffee Pot,
Tables, Mohogony		2 Candleſticks,
Couch, Feather Bed,		2 Salts,
Bedſted and Bedding,		1 Strainer,
Green Hatrateen Curtains,		A Caſe containing
Very handſome Bureau,		12 Knives and Forks,
Tea Kettles with Lamp		12 Spoons,
&c. &c.		1 ditto for Marrow.

Public Vendue,

At the Great Store oppoſite the Golden Ball,

Country Traders, Shop-keepers in Town, and others, are invited to the GREAT STORE oppoſite the Golden Ball, Merchant's Row, near Faneuil-Hall Market on TUESDAY the 25th Day of *February* Inſtant, at X o'Clock in the Morning; at which Time will be SOLD

BY PUBLIC VENDUE.

A large and valuable Aſſortment of ENGLISH GOODS, ſuitable for all Seaſons of the Year. J. Ruſſell.

☞ Printed Catalogues of the Goods will be delivered at Green and Ruſſell's Printing-Office in Queen-ſtreet, and at the Place of Sale.

†§ The Goods may be ſeen the Day before and on the Day of Sale, at the above Store.

Whereas there is a Miſtake in the Almanack have thought proper to acquaint the Public, That it is but one Mile from Salem to Beverly Ferry, where it mentions two; and from the Ferry to Porters at Wenham 5, wherein it mentions Six Miles

N. B. *Beverly Ferry is attended with good Boats, good Attendance, and quick Diſpatch, &c. &c.*

☞ LOST at the late Fire, a Leather Bucket, mark'd *Wm. Hickling*, No. 2. Whoever has it in Poſſeſſion, is deſir'd to return it to the Printers hereof. ☜

To be Sold by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 18th Inſtant, at X o'Clock A. M. at the Store lately improved by *James Gridley* Eſq; on his Wharff;

A large Aſſortment of Goods, conſiſting of the following Articles, viz

7-8 and yard-wide Iriſh Linnens, lately imported; 7 8 and yard wide Manchester Cotton and Linnen Checks; Engliſh Duck, No. 1. 2 & 3 Ravens Duck and Ticklingburg; 3d 4d 6d 8d 10d 20d and 24d Nails, Sheathing Nails, 4& half 5 & 5& half Inch Deck Nails; 10 by 8. 6 by 8 7 by 5. & 7 by 9 Glaſs; Shot; Barr and Sheet Lead; blue Paper for Loaf Sugar, alſo a Quantity of brown and whited brown Paper for Shopkeepers; a Quantity of choice Seaming Twine; a few Crates of yellow Ware; Spaniſh Brown powder'd; New Caſtle Bottles in Hampers of a Groſs each, very handy for Tranſportation into the Country; as alſo a Parcel of good Corks.—A few Coils of twice laid Cordage. *B. CHURCH, V M.*

For *Rhode-Iſland* and *Connecticut*,

The SLOOP *SUCCESS, Simeon Freeman*, Maſter, will ſail in a ſhort Time.——For Freight apply to ſaid Maſter on board, lying at *Pitt's* Wharff, North Side of the Town Dock.

Juſt Imported,

By JOHN MEIN,

And to be Sold at the LONDON BOOK STORE, ſecond Door above the Britiſh Coffee Houſe, North Side of King-Street, *BOSTON.*

A large Collection of BOOKS, Among which are the following,

A New Edition of Bailey's Dictionary, containing 300 more Words than any former Edition. Price 9*s.* Lawful Money.

Fenning's, Dyches and Johnſon's Dictionaries.

Salmon's Geographical and Hiſtorical Grammar, illuſtrated with Maps, a new Edition with great Additions and Improvements, in which the Hiſtory of England and other States is brought down *to the End* of the Year 1763. which is ſometime after the Concluſion of the Peace. A very uſeful Book, and equally entertaining and inſtructive.

Salmon's and Martin's Gazetteer.

Hervey's Meditations, 2 Vols. bound in one.

—— Dialogues bound in 2 Vols. 6*s.*

—— Vindication of his Dialogues, 4*s.* 8*d.* This Piece is eſteemed the beſt wrote of all Mr. Hervey's Performances.

A new Edition of Tate and Brady's Pſalms, with Hymns from Dr. Watts and Dr. Doddridge, &c. to which is annexed the Pſalm Singers Aſſiſtant, containing an Introduction with ſuch Directions for ſinging as are neceſſary for Learners, and a choice Collection of Pſalm Tunes, collected from the beſt Maſters, 3*s.* by the Doz and 4*s* ſingle.

The ſame Book without the Tunes 2*s.* 4*d.* by the Doz. and 3*s.* ſingle.

Hill's Arithmetic, 3*s.* 10*d.*

Fiſher's ditto, 3*s.* 8*d.*

Compleat Letter Writer, 4*s.*

Rollin's antient Hiſtory, 10 Vols. with Plates, 36*s.* Rollin's antient Hiſtory is eſteemed the beſt that has yet appeared in any Language, and the Correctneſs, Dignity and Eloquence of the Stile univerſally admired.

Devil upon two Sticks, by M. LeSage, with curious Plates, 5*s.* A Work in which the Vices and Follies of Mankind are laſhed with the moſt ſevere and diverting Ridicule.

Locke's Eſſay on Human Underſtanding, a new Edition, neatly bound, in 3 Vols. 12*s.*

Seaman's Daily Aſſiſtant, 4*s* 8*d*

Atkinſon's Epitome, 6*s*

Patoun's Navigation, 8*s*

Wilſon's Navigation, 8*s*

Engliſh Quarto Bibles, with Church Service, Apocrypha, Tate and Brady's Pſalms, and Plates, from 50*s* to 36*s*

Engliſh Pocket Bibles, 5*s*

Scotch Quarto Bibles, with Aprocrypha, from £.2 2*s* to 14*s*

Scotch Quarto Bibles without Apocrypha 12*s*

Pocket Bibles, from 20*s* to 3*s* 4*d*

Prayer Books, with Companion to the Altar, Tates Pſalms and new Calendar, from 12*s* to 2*s* 3*d*

Teſtaments claſped at 2 Dollars per Doz.

A large Aſſortment of cheap Hiſtory and Divinity Books, at 8*s* & 9*s* per Doz.

An Aſſortment of little Books, with Pictures for Children, from 2*d* to 2*s*

Copy Books, from 1*s* to 8*s* each.

LIKEWISE,

At the London Book-Store to be lent out to read a large Collection of Books at 28*s.* Lawful Money per Year; 18*s* per Half Year; 10*s* 8*d* per Quarter; and 3 Coppers per Day.

☞ Country Subſcribers are allowed two Books at a Time.

For LONDON.

THE Ship PRATT, *Jonathan Freeman*, Maſter, laying at *Hancock's* Wharff, will ſail as ſoon as loaded. For Freight or Paſſage apply with the Maſter on board, or with *Edmund Quincy* Tertius, at his Store on *Green's* Wharff: Where is to be ſold a large Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods; alſo a very good Iron Screw fit for a Clothier.

Imported in Capt. *Freeman* from *London*, and to be ſold

By Suſanna Renken,

In Fore Street, near the Draw Bridge, *BOSTON*,

Large Marrowfats, early Charlton early Hotſpur, Golden Hotſpur, blue Marrowfats and crooked Peas; large Windſor, early Hotſpur and early Liſbon Beans; early yellow, ſcarlet and orange Carrots; early Dutch early Yorkſhire, early Batterſea early Sugar Loaf, red and large Winter Cabbage; early and late Colly-flower; green and yellow Savoy; Sallery; green and white Endive; Salmon and Scarlet London Radiſh; beſt curl'd Pepper Graſs; Summer and Winter Spinnage, curl'd and Hambo Parſley; Cabbage; white Goſs and Imperial Lettuce; early and late Cucumber, long Turkey ditto; early & late Turnips; Summer and Winter Savory; Hyſſop; Thyme; Sweet Marjoram and Baum; Lavender and Roſemary; Hemp, Canary and Rape Seed; Red and white Clover; Red Top and Herds Graſs Seed.

TO BE SOLD,

By Benjamin Church,

At his uſual Place of Sale, on THURSDAY next,

A fine Aſſortment of GOODS, viz.

BRoad Cloths fine middling and coarſe, Ratteens of different Colours and Fineneſs, Kerſeys, Callimancos, Linnen and Cotton Checks, Iriſh Hollands, Mens fine Worſted Hoſe, coloured Threads, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

To be Sold at Public VENDUE,

By *Moſes Deſſon*,

the Weſt End of *Faneuil*-Hall, Dock-Square;

Next Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Friday Evenings;

Broad Cloths, Halfthicks, Ratteens, Pluſhes, ſtript and plain Cambleets, Mens fine Caps, Iriſh Hollands, ſtriped ditto, Lawns, Threads, Capuchine Silks, Checks, Linnen Handkerchiefs, Writing Paper, Muſtard in Bottles, Snuff, Wearing-apparel, Houſhold Furniture, &c.

Conſtant Attendance at ſaid Room.

At the New Auction-Room now kept by

ELIAS DUPEE,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

To morrow, Wedneſday and Thurſday Evenings.

BRoad Cloths, Kerſeys, Ratteens, Red Pluſh Rugs and Blankets, Iriſh Linnens, Checks, Men and Womens Hoſe, Horſewhips Bridles and Saddles, Carpets, Muffs and Tippets, Cauking Irons, Augres, Gimblets, Pewter Baſons, Apparel, Silver Watches, Houſhold Furniture, a blue Huzza Cloak almoſt new, &c. *Alſo will be ſold at ſaid* Auction Room *next* Monday, at X o'Clock, A. M.

About Four Hundred Volumes of Latin, Greek and Engliſh Books.

To be Sold at Publick Vendue,

By John Harris,

Next Door to the Red Lyon;

This Evening, and Next Thurſday Evening,

BRoad Cloths Ratteens, Kerſeys Pluſh Oznabrigs, Checks, Garlix, Iriſh Linnens, Silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs, Mens & Womens Hoſe, Leather Breeches, Paper, Hats coarſe and fine, Looking Glaſſes, Silver Watches, Mens & Womens Wearing Apparel, Feather Beds, and ſundry other Articles, &c. &c.

CUSTOM HOUSE, *BOSTON*. ENTERD IN.

Hurlburt from Surrinam. Bazin from Newcaſtle. Deverſon from London.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Samſon for Philadelphia; Kent and Holland for Weſt Indies; Davis for London.

Buried in the Town of Boſton, ſince our laſt Seven Whites. NO Black.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches Four.

High Water at Boſton, *for this preſent Week,*

Monday,	18 m. aft. 12	Friday,	31 m. aft. 3
Tueſday,	10 m. aft. 1	Saturday	21 m. aft. 4
Wedneſday,	59 m. aft. 1	Lord's day,	11m aft. 5
Thurſday,	45 m. aft. 2	New D 9 Day,	7 Morg.

(Advertiſements omitted, will be in our next.)

Imported and to be Sold by

Andrew Johnson,

At Mrs. *Parrot's*, on *Oliver's* Dock;

A few Crates of the newest fashioned Stone, Flint, and several other Sorts of Crockery Ware, which will be sold off for Cash, cheaper than any Goods of those Kinds has hitherto been disposed of in this Country; and will be sold by the Crate or in small Lots, as may be convenient for Traders only.

N. B As Mr. *Johnson* must leave the Town in a Week, desires his Friends may not disappoint themselves

Imported in the last Ships, and Captain *Freeman*, from *London*, and to be Sold by

Lydia Dyar,

Near the Salutation, *Boston*,

A fresh Assortment of Garden Seeds, *viz.*

Early Charlto
large Marro
early Orinorod, H
early Hotspur, earl
Lisbon Beans; e
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Winter and red C
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Having rece
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Three o'Clock Af
aforesaid.
Boston, Januar

IF any Persons are possessed of any BOOKS, PLANS or Papers belonging to the Proprietors of a Township called *New-Boston*, in the County of *Cumberland*, that were carried away from the House of *William Story*, Esq; in Kingstreet, on the Evening of the 26th of *August* last: The Proprietors will be much obliged to such Persons if they will return the same to *Ezekiel Goldthwait*, Esq; at his Office in the Town-House, as such Books, Plans & Papers can be of no Benefit to any but the Proprietors, who probably may suffer greatly, if they are wholly deprived of them.

Blanchard and Hancock,

In Union-Street, opposite the Conduit,

Have just imported in the Devonshire, Capt. Bartlet from Bristol, and the other late Ships from London, and sell at the lowest Rate for Cash;

A neat Assortment of Brass, Pewter, & Iron Wares.

NAILS, brads & tacks of all sorts
English and *German* Steel
Powder, Shott,
Sheet and bar Lead
Smith's Vises and Anvils
Neat large polish'd head Tongs and Shovels—
Common ditto
Pitt Saws
Pump Leather
Russia Duck
Felt and castor Hats
6by8 9by9 & 10by8 Glass
Wool cards, Buntins
Peter's best cod & mackrel Hooks, cod & mac.
Lines, Twine of all sorts
Brushes of all sorts
Neat assortm. coat & breast Buttons—Desk and Book case Furniture, &c.

Daniel Jones,

INforms his Customers and others, both in Town and Country. That he has removed to the Easterly Side of Newbury Street to a Corner Shop (which was lately improved by Capt. *John Smith*) situate about three Rods to the Southward of that he removed from;

Where he has to sell, cheap for Cash;

An Assortment of 3-4, 7-8, and yard wide Irish Hollands; with an Assortment of Goods suitable for the Season—which he Imported in the Captains *Marshall, Scott*, &c.

☞ Beaver and Beaverit Hats of his own Make, Hat-Trimings, good Corks for Bottling Cyder by Wholesale and Retail, &c.

N. B. Cash given for all Sorts of Furrs at the above Shop.

Richard Salter,

ts his Customers
has just imported from
of *English* Goods which
bill, *Boston*, by Wholesale
Also, Paper, Ink-Powder,
Gunter Scales and Di-
9 leaved Charts; Mari-
; Patoun and Wilson's
f valuable Books, among
Dictionary, with Scotts
be Sold at the Sterling
inc, and best *Lynn* made
Pair.

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to the last Will and Testa-
all those that have any
are desired to apply to
ment.

convenient Dwel-
maica Plain, near *Joshua*
for a Gentleman's Country
rden, Coach-House, Stables
, with about three Acres
about an Acre and an half
he Reverend Mr. *Walter's*
may be made easy to the
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House where the
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e, fit for any Person that
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Wharf, very convenient for
Goods.

reasonable Terms,
a, (commonly called *Cold-*
to *John Mascarene*, Esq;
d and sixty acres of Land,
rge well-built House, with
One half of the House is
Also a Work-House (and all
making of Pot Ash—with a
several other well finished
red Pounds Sterling, only is
n—and the Remainder at a
er mortgaging the Premises
farther of the Printers.

SOLD,
o Boy, who has
been 5 Years in the Country, has had the Small Pox:
He can Shave and Dress, and can be well recommended Inquire at Mrs. Sterling's *in Court Square.*

TO BE SOLD for want of Employ;

A likely Negro Boy, about 18 Years of Age, and has had the Small Pox; inquire of Edes & Gill.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL.

a List of the Stamp officers, appointed from Home
(as Collected out of these Papers viz)

For Canada —
— Nova Scotia Mr Hinshelwood Distributer
— New Hampshire George Meserve Ditto
— Massachusetts Bay Andrew Oliver Ditto
— Rhode Island Augustus Johnston Ditto
— Connecticut — Jared Ingersole Ditto
— New York James McEvers — Ditto
— Peter Delancey [illegible] Inspector
— New Jersey William Cox Distributer
— Pensylvania John Hughes Ditto
— Maryland Zachariah Hood Ditto
— Virginia — Colonel Mercer — Ditto
— North Carolina — McCullough Ditto
— South Carolina Caleb Lloyde Ditto
— — George Saxby Inspector
— Georgia Mr — Agnus Distributer
— Antigua Mr Warner — Ditto
— William Atkinson — Ditto
— Jamaica Dr Hollwell Ditto
— St Kitts William Tuckett Ditto
— Munro — Inspector